2023—2024 Federal, provincial and territorial corporate income tax rates

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In Canada, both the federal government and the provincial/territorial governments levy corporate income taxes. The tables below summarize the federal and provincial/territorial tax rates applied to income earned by Canadian–controlled private corporations (CCPCs) and general corporations. Add the federal and provincial/territorial tax rates for a combined federal and provincial rate¹. For non–resident corporations, the general corporation rates in the table apply to business income attributable to a permanent establishment in Canada.

| | | CCPC | | | General corporation | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Federal | Reference to the Income Tax Act | Active business income eligible for small business deduction (SBD) | Active business income ² | Investment income ³ | Active business income | Investment income ³ | Manufacturing and processing (M&P) income |
| | | % | % | % | % | % | % |
| Basic federal tax rate | Subsection 123(1) | 38.00 | 38.00 | 38.00 — | 38.00 | 38.00 | 38.00 |
| Federal abatement | Subsection 124(1) | (10.00) | (10.00) | (10.00) | (10.00) | (10.00) | (10.00) |
| Federal tax rate | | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 |
| General rate for M&P deduction | <u>Section 125.1(1)</u> | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | (13.00) |
| General rate reduction | <u>Subsection</u> 123.4(1) | _ | (13.00) | - | (13.00) | (13.00) | - |
| SBD | <u>Subsection</u> 125(1.1) | (19.00) | _ | - | - | - | - |
| Refundable tax | Section 123.3 | _ | _ | 10.67 | _ | _ | _ |
| Net tax rate | | 9.0 | 15.0 | 38.67 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 |



| | | CC | CPC | General corporation | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| Province/ territory ⁴ | SBD thresholds ⁵ 2022 and 2023 | Active business income eligible for SBD | Active business income ² | Investment income ³ | Active business income | Investment income ³ | M&P income |
| | C\$ | % | % | % | % | % | % |
| <u>Alberta</u> | 500,000 | 2.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 |
| British Columbia | 500,000 | 2.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 |
| <u>Manitoba</u> | 500,000 | 0.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 |
| New Brunswick | 500,000 | 2.50 | 14.00 | 14.00 | 14.00 | 14.00 | 14.00 |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 500,000 | 3.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 |
| Northwest Territories | 500,000 | 2.00 | 11.50 | 11.50 | 11.50 | 11.50 | 11.50 |
| Nova Scotia | 500,000 | 2.50 | 14.00 | 14.00 | 14.00 | 14.00 | 14.00 |
| <u>Nunavut</u> | 500,000 | 3.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 |
| <u>Ontario</u> | 500,000 | 3.20 | 11.50 | 11.50 | 11.50 | 11.50 | 10.00 ⁶ |
| Prince Edward Island | 500,000 | 1.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 |
| <u>Quebec</u> | 500,000 | 3.20 | 11.50 | 11.50 | 11.50 | 11.50 | 11.50 |
| Saskatchewan | 600,000 | 0.00/1.007 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 10.008 |
| <u>Yukon</u> | 500,000 | 0.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 2.50 ⁹ |

¹ See also RSM Tax Alert 'Tax planning 2023 year-end considerations for businesses and individuals' for details on the provinces' and territories' proposed tax changes.

² The general corporate tax rate applies to active business income earned in excess of relevant small business income thresholds. For federal purposes, the threshold is \$500,000. For provincial / territorial purposes, see the "SBD Thresholds 2023 and 2024" column.

³ The rates apply to investment income other than capital gains and dividends received from Canadian corporations. Capital gains are taxed at an effective rate of 50%. Dividends received by private corporations from Canadian corporations are subject to a special refundable tax of 38.33%.

 $^{^{4}}$ Provincial and territorial tax information is linked in this table for further details.

 $^{^{\}rm 5}\,$ The small business income threshold is shared by associated CCPCs.

⁶ Ontario provides an M&P tax credit that effectively reduces the corporate tax rate on profits from M&P to 10.00%, as compared to 11.50% for general income.

⁷ The Saskatchewan government announced that it will extend the small business tax rate reduction at 0% retroactive to July 1, 2022 and increase to 1% starting July 1, 2023. The small business tax rate will return to a rate of 2% beginning July 1, 2024. If the rate changes during the tax year, a taxpayer must base the calculation on the number of days in the year that each rate is in effect.

The M&P profits tax reduction can reduce the Saskatchewan corporation income tax rate by as much as 2.00% on Canadian M&P profits. Corporations must complete T2 Schedule 404. This can essentially reduce the rate applicable to M&P profits from 12.00% to as low as 10.00%.

⁹ Yukon provides an M&P tax credit of 9.5% that effectively reduces the corporate tax rate on profits from M&P to 2.50%, as compared to 12.00% for general income.

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